

ANESTHETIC MANAGEMENT FOR ENDOVASCULAR TREATMENT OF ACUTE ISCHEMIC STROKE

- 1) **STAT CASE (EO)** - Avoid any delays
- 2) Monitoring:
 - a. Standard monitors with NIBP q3 minutes
 - b. Arterial line if does not delay procedure, insert pre-induction if GA
 - c. If arterial line not possible consider T-ing off IR femoral artery sheath
- 3) Anesthesia:
 - a. Most patients will require minimal to mild sedation;
 - b. A minority of patients will require a GA (e.g. posterior circulation or severe stroke; airway compromise or vomiting, uncooperative)
 - c. If GA, aim for early extubation if possible
- 4) Blood pressure management
 - a. Target Blood Pressure**
 - i. SBP 140 - 180 mmHg if received IV TPA**
 - ii. Permissive HTN up to SBP 220 if no IV TPA**
 - b. ***Avoid hypotension (**SBP<140**) prior to revascularization***
 - c. Consider lowering BP target after successful recanalization due to risk of hyperperfusion and hemorrhagic conversion, ideally discuss BP target with stroke neurologist/radiologist
- 5) End-tidal CO₂ management
 - a. Aim for normocapnea
- 6) Glucose management
 - a. Avoid hypoglycemia
 - b. Treat blood glucose >10 mmol/L
- 7) Disposition from IR:
 - a. GA with immediate extubation will go PACU → NICU
 - b. MAC/uncomplicated patients will go directly to NICU
 - c. Intubated/unstable patients will go to the regular ICU